

General Instructions:

- i. The question paper has 28 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.
- ii. Marks are indicated against each question.
- iii. Questions from serial number 1 to 7 are very short answer type questions. Each question carries **one mark**.
- iv. Questions from serial number 8 to 18 are 3 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
- v. Questions from serial number 19 to 25 are 5 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 100 words each.
- vi. Question numbers 26 & 27 are map questions from History with 1 mark each. Question number 28 is map question of 3 marks from Geography.
- vii. For Q. Nos. 26, 27 and 28 (map based questions) one outline political map of India is provided. After completion the work, attach the map inside your answer book.
- viii. Questions at Serial Number - 20, 22, 24 & 25 have **Internal Choice**. Attempt **any one** option out of the given in **each of these questions**.

1. Who was proclaimed the King of United Italy in 1861? 1
OR
What was the main aim of establishing Tonkin Free School in Vietnam by the French?
2. How was 'Bibliothèque Bleue' different from penny chapbooks? 1
OR
What was the main theme of Charles Dickens' novels?
3. Name the deepest, land-locked and well-protected port of India. 1
4. State any one reason to prove that India is a 'holding together federation'. 1
5. What advantage do production units in SEZs have over other units of the companies? 1
6. Name the two indicators apart from Income that is used to measure human development. 1
7. How is the maximum retail price printed on packets beneficial for you? 1
8. How had the female figures become an allegory of the nation during 19th century Europe? 3
OR
Explain the idea of Phan Chu Trinh to establish a Democratic Republic of Vietnam.
9. Explain why woodblock printing became more popular than manuscripts during the 19th century. 3
OR
How were the modern Indian novels useful for the Indians in day to day life?
10. 'Indiscriminate use of resources had led to numerous problems.' Justify this statement. 3

11. Why did Jawaharlal Nehru proclaim the dams as the 'temples of modern India'? Explain any three reasons. 3
12. How is the ethnic composition of Belgium very complex? Explain. 3
13. Every social difference does not lead to social differences. Justify. 3
14. India follows a multi-party system. In this context explain how multi-party system has evolved in recent times in the country with suitable examples. 3
15. Who are the vulnerable people engaged in the unorganised sector and how can they be protected? 3
16. Mr. Ahmed wants to make a cheque payment of Rs 20,000 to Mr. Goyal. How would he write a cheque to make the payment? 3
17. What are the various ways in which the MNCs are spreading their production and interacting with local producers in various countries? 3
18. Ramesh bought a camera but found it to be defective. Even after making repeated complaints to the dealer, there was no response. What should he do as a consumer to get justice? 3
19. Explain the causes of the Great Depression and how was the Indian economy affected? 5
 OR
 Why were there frequent clashes between gomasthas and weavers in the villages? Explain five reasons.
 OR
 Describe any five causes of the expansion of Bombay in the 19th century.
20. Explain the attitude of Indian merchants and industrialist towards the Civil Disobedience Movement. 5
 OR
 Discuss the background and provisions of Poona Pact of September, 1932.
21. Compare the geographical conditions required for the production of cotton and jute. 5
22. What is mineral? Mention the various types of formations in which they occur. (1+4=5)
 OR
 'Energy saved is energy produced'. Justify the statement by giving any five measures to conserve the energy resources.
23. Explain the idea behind the communal politics? Justify how this idea is fundamentally flawed. (3+2=5)
24. How can you justify that democracy produces effective government. 5
 OR
 Democracy stands much superior to any other form of government in promoting dignity and freedom of the individuals. Explain.

25. The impact of globalisation has not been uniform in India. In this context, examine the impact of globalisation on small producers.

OR

What is the basic function of foreign trade? How does foreign trade result in connecting the markets or integration of markets in different countries?

MAP BASED QUESTIONS

26. Locate and label the place in the given outline political map of India:

The place where the Indian National Congress held its session in 1927.

27. Locate and label the place in the given outline political map of India:

The place related to the movement of Indigo Planters.

28. Locate and label the following features on the given outline political map of India:

a. Mohali Software Technology Park

b. Jamshedpur Iron and Steel Plant

(1+1=2)

Identify the following places marked on the same given outline political map of India and write their names:

(0.5+0.5=1)

c. Iron and Steel Plant

d. Cotton Textile Centre